Integers Ex.A

Solution 01:

Answer:

- (i) 15 + (-8) = 7
- (ii) (-16) + 9 = -7
- (iii) (-7) + (-23) = -30
- (iv) (-32) + 47 = 15
- (v) 53 + (-26) = 27
- (vi) (-48) + (-36) = -84

Solution 02:

Answer:

- (i) 153 + (-302) = -149
- (ii) 1005 + (-277) = 728
- (iii) (-2035) + 297 = -1738
- (iv) (-489) + (-324) = -813
- (v) (-1000) + 438 = -562
- (vi) (-238) + 500 = 262

Solution 03:

Answer:

- (i) Additive inverse of -83 = -(-83) = 83
- (ii) Additive inverse of 256 = -(256) = -256
- (iii) Additive inverse of 0 = -(0) = 0
- (iv) Additive inverse of 2001 = -(-2001) = 2001

Solution 04:

(i)
$$-42 - 28 = (-42) + (-28) = -70$$

(ii)
$$42 - (-36) = 42 + 36 = 78$$

(iv)
$$-34 - (-66) = -34 + 66 = 32$$

(vii)
$$0 - (-64) = 0 + 64 = 64$$

Solution 05:

Answer:

Sum of
$$-1032$$
 and $878 = -1032 + 878$
= -154

Subtracting the sum from -34, we get

$$= (-34) + 154$$

Solution 06:

Answer:

First, we will calculate the sum of 38 and -87. 38 + (-87) = -49

Now, subtracting -134 from the sum, we get:

Solution 07:

Answer:

(iii) 53 (:: Commutative property)

(iv) -76 (∵ Commutative property)

(v) 0 (: Additive identity)

(vi) 83 (: Additive inverse)

(vii)
$$(-60) - (-59) = -1$$

(viii)
$$(-40) - (-31) = -9$$

Solution 08:

Answer:

$$\begin{cases}
-13 - (-27) + \{-25 - (-40)\} \\
= \{-13 + 27\} + \{-25 + 40\} \\
= 14 + 15 \\
= 29
\end{cases}$$

Solution 09:

$$36 - (-64) = 36 + 64 = 100$$

Now,
$$(-64) - 36 = (-64) + (-36) = -100$$

Thus, they are not equal.

Solution 10:

Answer:

$$(a + b) + c = (-8 + (-7)) + 6 = -15 + 6 = -9$$

$$a + (b + c) = -8 + (-7 + 6) = -8 + (-1) = -9$$

Hence, (a + b) + c = a + (b + c) [i.e., Property of Associativity]

Solution 11:

Answer:

Here,
$$(a - b) = -9 - (-6) = -3$$

Similarly,
$$(b - a) = -6 - (-9) = 3$$

Solution 12:

Answer:

Let the other integer be a. Then, we have:

$$53 + a = -16$$

$$\Rightarrow a = -16 - 53 = -69$$

∴ The other integer is -69.

Solution 13:

Answer:

Let the other integer be a.

Then,
$$-31 + a = 65$$

.. The other integer is

Solution 14:

Answer:

We have:

$$a - (-6) = 4$$

$$\Rightarrow a = 4 + (-6) = -2$$

Solution 15:

- (i) Consider the integers 8 and -8. Then, we have:
- 8 + (-8) = 0
- (ii) Consider the integers 2 and (-9). Then, we have:
- 2 + (-9)= -7, which is a negative integer.
- (iii) Consider the integers -4 and -5. Then, we have:
- (-4) + (-5) = -9, which is smaller than -4 and -5.
- (iv) Consider the integers 2 and 6. Then, we have:
- 2 + 6 = 8, which is greater than both 2 and 6.
- (v) Consider the integers 7 and -4. Then, we have:
- 7 + (-4) = 3, which is smaller than 7 only.

Solution 16:

Answer:

- (i) F (false). -3, -90 and -100 are also integers. We cannot determine the smallest integer, since they are infinite.
- (ii) F (false). -10 is less than -7.
- (iii) T (true). All negative integers are less than zero.
- (iv) T (true).
- (v) F (false). Example: -9 + 2 = -7

Integers Exercise 1B

Solution 01

Answer:

- (i) $16 \times 9 = 144$
- (ii) 18 \times (-6) = $-(18 \times 6)$ = -108
- (iii) $36 \times (-11) = -(36 \times 11) = -396$
- (iv) $(-28) \times 14 = -(28 \times 14) = -392$
- (v) $(-53) \times 18 = -(53 \times 18) = -954$
- (vi) $(-35) \times 0 = 0$
- (vii) $0 \times (-23) = 0$
- (viii) $(-16) \times (-12) = 192$
- $(ix) (-105) \times (-8) = 840$
- $(x)(-36) \times (-50) = 1800$
- $(xi)(-28) \times (-1) = 28$
- (xii) $25 \times (-11) = -(25 \times 11) = -275$

Solution 02

Answer:

- (i) $3 \times 4 \times (-5) = (12) \times (-5) = -60$
- (ii) $2 \times (-5) \times (-6) = (-10) \times (-6) = 60$
- (iii) $(-5) \times (-8) \times (-3) = (-5) \times (24) = -120$
- (iv) $(-6) \times 6 \times (-10) = 6 \times (60) = 360$
- (v) $7 \times (-8) \times 3 = 21 \times (-8) = -168$
- (vi) $(-7) \times (-3) \times 4 = 21 \times 4 = 84$

- (i) Since the number of negative integers in the product is even, the product will be positive. $(4) \times (5) \times (8) \times (10) = 1600$
- (ii) Since the number of negative integers in the product is odd, the product will be negative. $-(6) \times (5) \times (7) \times (2) \times (3) = -1260$
- (iii) Since the number of negative integers in the product is even, the product will be positive. $(60) \times (10) \times (5) \times (1) = 3000$
- (iv) Since the number of negative integers in the product is odd, the product will be negative. $-(30) \times (20) \times (5) = -3000$
- (v) Since the number of negative integers in the product is even, the product will be positive. $(-3)^6 = 729$
- (vi) Since the number of negative integers in the product is odd, the product will be negative. $(-5)^5 = -3125$
- (vii) Since the number of negative integers in the product is even, the product will be positive. $(-1)^{200} = 1$
- (viii) Since the number of negative integers in the product is odd, the product will be negative.

Solution 04

Answer:

Multiplying 90 negative integers will yield a positive sign as the number of integers is even.

Multiplying any two or more positive integers always gives a positive integer.

The product of both(the above two cases) the positive and negative integers is also positive.

Therefore, the final product will have a positive sign.

Solution 05

Multiplying 103 negative integers will yield a negative integer, whereas 65 positive integers will give a positive integer.

The product of a negative integer and a positive integer is a negative integer

Solution 06

Answer:

- (i) $(-8) \times (9+7)$ [using the distributive law] $= (-8) \times 16 = -128$
- (ii) $9 \times (-13 + (-7))$ [using the distributive law $= 9 \times (-20) = -180$
- (iii) $20 \times (-16 + 14)$ [using the distributive law $= 20 \times (-2) = -40$
- (iv) $(-16) \times (-15 + (-5))$ [using the distributive law] $=(-16) \times (-20) = 320$
- $(v)(-11) \times (-15 + 1)$ [using the distributive law] $=(-11)\times(-40)$ = 440
- (vi) $(-12) \times (10 + 5)$ [using the distributive law] $=(-12) \times 15 = -180$
- (vii) $(-16 + (-4)) \times (-8)$ [using the distributive law] $=(-20) \times (-8) = 160$
- (viii) $(-26) \times (72 + 28)$ [using the distributive law] $=(-26) \times 100 = -2600$

(i)
$$(-6) \times (x) = 6$$

 $x = 6-6 = -66 = -1$

Thus, x = (-1)

- (ii) 1 [: Multiplicative identity]
- (iii) (-8) [∵ Commutative law]
- (iv) 7 [∵ Commutative law]
- (v) (-5) [: Associative law]
- (vi) 0 [: Property of zero]

Solution 08

Answer:

We have 5 marks for correct answer and (-2) marks for an incorrect answer.

Now, we have the following:

(i) Ravi's score =
$$4 \times 5 + 6 \times (-2)$$

(ii) Reenu's score =
$$5 \times 5 + 5 \times (-2)$$

$$= 25 - 10 = 15$$

(iii) Heena's score =
$$2 \times 5 + 5 \times (-2)$$

Solution 09

Answer:

- (i) True.
- (ii) False. Since the number of negative signs is even, the product will be a positive integer.
- (iii) True. The number of negative signs is odd.
- (iv) False. $a \times (-1) = -a$, which is not the multiplicative inverse of a.
- (v) True. $a \times b = b \times a$
- (vi) True. $(a \times b) \times c = a \times (b \times c)$
- (vii) False. Every non-zero integer a has a multiplicative inverse 1a, which is not an integer.

Integers Exercise 1C

Solution 01

Answer:

(i)
$$65 \div (-13) = \frac{65}{-13} = -5$$

(ii)
$$(-84) \div 12 = \frac{-84}{12} = -7$$

(iii)
$$(-76) \div 19 = \frac{-76}{19} = -4$$

(iv)
$$(-132) \div 12 = \frac{-132}{12} = -11$$

(v) (-150)
$$\div$$
 25 = $\frac{-150}{25}$ = -6

(vi) (-72)
$$\div$$
 (-18) = $\frac{-72}{-18}$ = 4

(vi)
$$(-72) \div (-18) = \frac{-12}{-18} = 4$$

(vii) $(-105) \div (-21) = \frac{-105}{-21} = 5$
(viii) $(-36) \div (-1) = \frac{-36}{-1} = 36$
(ix) $0 \div (-31) = \frac{0}{-31} = 0$
(x) $(-63) \div 63 = \frac{-63}{63} = -1$
(xi) $(-23) \div (-23) = \frac{-23}{-23} = 1$
(xii) $(-8) \div 1 = \frac{-8}{1} = -8$
Solution 02

(viii) (-36)
$$\div$$
 (-1) = $\frac{-36}{-1}$ = 36

(ix)
$$0 \div (-31) = \frac{0}{-31} = 0$$

(x)
$$(-63) \div 63 = \frac{-63}{63} = -1$$

(Xi)
$$(-23) \div (-23) = \frac{-23}{-23} = 1$$

(xii) (-8)
$$\div 1 = \frac{-8}{1} = -8$$

(1)

$$72 \div (x) = -4$$

 $\Rightarrow \frac{72}{x} = -4$
 $\Rightarrow x = \frac{72}{4} = -18$

(ii)

$$-36 \div (x) = -4$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-36}{x} = -4$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{-36}{-4} = 9$$

(iii)

$$(x) + (-4) = 24$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x}{-4} = 24$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 24 \times \left(-4\right) = -96$$

(iv)

$$(x) \div 25 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x}{25} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 25 \times 0 = 0$$

(v)
(x) + (-1) = 36

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x}{-1} = 36$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 36 \times (-1) = -36$$
(vi)
(x) + 1 = -37

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x}{1} = -37$$

$$\Rightarrow x = -37 \times 1 = -37$$
(vii)
39 + (x) = -1

$$\Rightarrow \frac{39}{x} = -1$$

$$\Rightarrow x = -1 \times 39 = -39$$
(viii)
1 + (x) = -1

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{x} = -1$$

$$\Rightarrow x = -1 \times 1 = -1$$
(ix)

(vi)

$$(x) \div 1 = -37$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x}{1} = -37$$

$$\Rightarrow x = -37 \times 1 = -37$$

(vii)

$$39 \div (x) = -1$$

 $\Rightarrow \frac{39}{x} = -1$
 $\Rightarrow x = -1 \times 39 = -39$

(viii)

$$1 \div (x) = -1$$

 $\Rightarrow \frac{1}{x} = -1$
 $\Rightarrow x = -1 \times 1 = -1$

(ix)

$$-1 \div (x) = -1$$

 $\Rightarrow \frac{-1}{x} = -1$
 $\Rightarrow x = \frac{-1}{-1} = 1$

- (i) True (T). Dividing zero by any integer gives zero.
- (ii) False (F). Division by zero gives an indefinite number.

(iii) False (F).
$$\frac{-5}{-1}~=~5$$

(iv) True (T).
$$\frac{-8}{1} = -8$$

(v) False (F).
$$\frac{-1}{-1}=1$$

(vi) True (T).
$$\frac{-9}{-1} = 9$$

Integers Exercise 1D

Solution 01 Answer: (c) 14 Given: 6 - (-8) = 6 + 8 = 14 Solution 02 Answer: (b) -3Given: -9 - (-6) = -9 + 6= -3 Solution 03 Answer: (d) 5 We can see that -3 + 5 = 2Hence, 2 exceeds -3 by 5. Solution 04 Answer: Let the number to be subtracted be x To find the number, we have: -1 - x = -6x = -1 + 6 = 5Solution 05

Answer: (c) 4 We can see that (-2) - (-6) = (-2) + 6 = 4Hence, -6 is four (4) less than -2. Solution 06 Answer: (b) -8Subtracting 4 from -4, we get: (-4) - 4 = -8Solution 07 Answer: (b) 2 Required number = (-3) - (-5) = 5 - 3 = 2Solution 08 Answer: (c) 6(-3) - x = -9x = (-3) + 9 = 6Hence, 6 must be subtracted from -3 to get -9. Solution 09 Answer: (c) -11 Subtracting 6 from -5, we get: (-5) - 6 = -11Solution 10 Answer: Subtracting -13 from -8, we get (-8) - (-13)= -8 + 13Solution 11 Answer: (a) 4 $(-36) \div (-9) = 4$ Here, the negative signs in both the numerator and denominator got cancelled with each other. Solution 12 Answer: (b) 0 Dividing zero by any integer gives zero as the result. Solution 13 Answer: (c) not defined

Dividing any integer by zero is not defined.

Negative integers decrease with increasing magnitudes.

Solution 14 **Answer:** (b) -11 < -8

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Solution 15
Answer:
(b) 9
Let the other integer be a. Then, we have:
-3 + a = 6
a = 6 - (-3) = 9
Solution 16
Answer:
(a) -10
Let the other integer be a. Then, we have:
6 + a = -4
a = -4 - 6 = -10
Hence, the other integer is -10.
Solution 17
Answer:
(a) 22
Let the other integer be a. Then, we have:
-8 + a = 14
:. a = 14 + 8 = 22
Hence, the other integer is 22.
Solution 18
Answer:
(c) 6
The additive inverse of any integer a is -a.
Thus, the additive inverse of -6 is 6.
Solution 19
Answer:
(b) -150
We have (-15) x 8 + (-15) x2
= (-15) × (8 + 2) [Associative propert
=-150
Solution 20
Answer:
(b) -24
We have (-12) \times 6 - (-12) \times 4
= (-12) \times (6 - 4) [Associative property]
= -24
Solution 21
Answer:
(b) 810
(-27) \times (-16) + (-27) \times (-14)
= (-27) \times (-16 + (-14)) [Associative property]
=(-27) \times (-30)
= 810
Solution 22
Answer:
(a) -270
30 \times (-23) + 30 \times 14
= 30 \times (-23 + 14) [Associative property]
= 30 \times (-9)
= -270
Solution 23
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(c) 152

Let the other integer be a. Then, we have:

$$-59 + a = 93$$

Solution 24

Answer:

(b) 90

$$x \div \left(-18\right) = -5$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x}{-18} = -5$$

$$\therefore x = -18 \times -5 = 90$$

