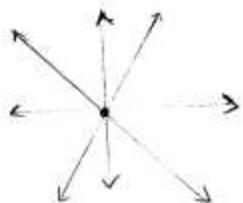


Basic Geometrical Concept

Exercise- 10.1.

Solution -01:



unlimited number of Lines can be drawn through
a single point

Solution-02:



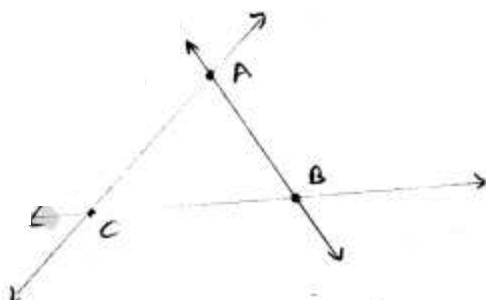
one line can be drawn through two distinct given
points.

Solution-03:



one Line can be drawn through three collinear
points.

Solution-04:



Lines \overleftrightarrow{AB} , \overleftrightarrow{BC} and \overleftrightarrow{CA} [Three Lines can be
drawn through 3 non collinear points.]

Solution -05:-

- (i) Five points are O, B, C, D, E
- (ii) A Line \overleftrightarrow{EF} , more answers are possible
- (iii) \overrightarrow{OC} , \overrightarrow{OB} , \overrightarrow{EB} , \overrightarrow{DB} ;
more answers are possible.
- (iv) \overline{OB} , \overline{OC} , \overline{DE} , \overline{DO} , \overline{DB} ; more answers are possible

Solution -06:-

- (i) Line contacting 'A' is \overleftrightarrow{AE} ;
more answers are possible
- (ii) Line passing through A is \overleftrightarrow{AE}
- (iii) Line on which point O lies. \overleftrightarrow{OC}
- (iv) Two pairs of intersecting Lines
 $\overleftrightarrow{AE}, \overleftrightarrow{OC}$; $\overleftrightarrow{AE}, \overleftrightarrow{EF}$

Solution -07:-

- (i) Collinear points area A, D, C, B, O, E.
- (ii) concurrent Lines and their Point of concurrence
area L, N, P
point B and m, p, q; point A.

Solution -08

- (i) Pairs of parallel lines

l, m
 l, n
 m, n .

(ii) All Pairs of intersecting Lines

L, P;

m, P;

n, P;

L, Q;

m, Q;

n, Q;

t, r;

m, r;

n, r;

P, Q;

P, R;

Q, R;

(iii) concurrent points are n, r, Q.

(iv) collinear points are

A, B, C;

A, H, I, P;

D, E, F, G, J

C, I, E;

B, H, F.

Solution - Q9 :-

(i) Number of Line segments.

\overline{AB} , \overline{BD} , \overline{AC} , \overline{AD} , \overline{BC} and \overline{CD}

(ii) Number of Line segments

\overline{AB} , \overline{BC} , \overline{CD} , \overline{AD} , \overline{AE} , \overline{AC} , \overline{EC} , \overline{BE} , \overline{BD} and \overline{ED} .

(III) Number of Line segments 8.

\overline{AB} , \overline{BC} , \overline{CD} , \overline{AD} , \overline{AE} , \overline{BE} , \overline{CE} and \overline{DE}

Solution - 10:-

(I) Rays whose initial points are A, B and C respectively

\overrightarrow{AB} , \overrightarrow{AC} , \overrightarrow{AD} , \overrightarrow{AE} ; \overrightarrow{BC} , \overrightarrow{BD} , \overrightarrow{BE} , \overrightarrow{CD} , \overrightarrow{CE} , \overrightarrow{CH} , \overrightarrow{CB}
 \overrightarrow{BA} .

(II) No, AB ^{not} different from AD

(III) No.

(IV) Yes

(V) Yes.

Solution - 11:-

(I) True

(II) True

(III) True

(IV) False

(V) False

(VI) False

(VII) False

(VIII) False

(IX) True

(X) False

(XI) True

Exercise - 10.2

Solution-1:

(i) In the given figure there are '4' Angles.

$\angle A, \angle B, \angle C, \angle D$

Solution-02:

(i) A is the point interior of $\angle DOE$

(ii) A, D, C are exterior points of $\angle EOF$

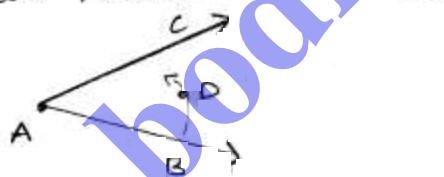
(iii) O, B, E, F are points on $\angle EOF$

Solution-03:

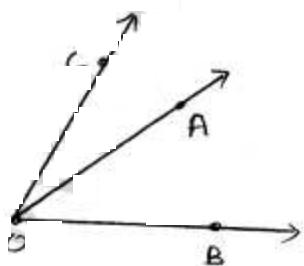
(i) one point in common 'O'



(ii) two points in common



(iii) the one Ray in common



\overrightarrow{OA} is common for $\angle COA$ & $\angle AOB$.

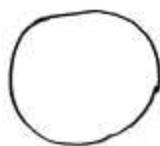
Exercise 10.3.

Solution 01:

(i) open simple curve



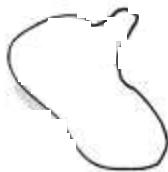
(ii) closed simple curves.



(iii) open curve that is not simple



(iv) closed curve that is not simple



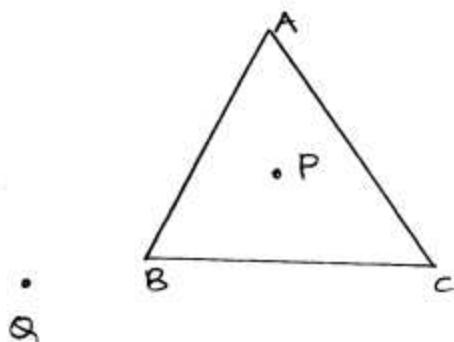
(v) Solution - 02:

(i) yes, It is a curve

(ii) yes, It is a closed curve

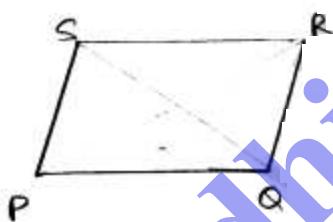
(iii) Yes, It is a polygon

solution - 03:



The point A is neither in the exterior nor in the interior of $\triangle ABC$ in fact, the point A lies on the boundary of $\triangle ABC$.

solution 04:



it has two diagonals \overleftrightarrow{PR} , \overleftrightarrow{QS} .

solution 05:-

(ii) Yes

(iii) Yes

(iii) its diagonals are \overline{AC} and \overline{BD}

(iv) diagonal \overline{AC} is in the interior and diagonal \overline{BD} is in the exterior of quadrilateral $ABCD$.

Solution - 06 :-

- (i) $\overline{KL}, \overline{MN}; \overline{LM}, \overline{NK}$
- (ii) $\overline{LK}, \overline{LM}; \overline{LN}, \overline{MN}$
- (iii) $\overline{KL}, \overline{LM}; \overline{LM}, \overline{MN}$
- (iv) $\overline{LK}, \overline{LL}; \overline{LN}, \overline{LM}$.

Exercise - 10.4.

Solution - 01

- (i) The centre of the circle Point O.
- (ii) three radii $\overline{OA}, \overline{OB}, \overline{OC}$
- (iii) a diameter \overline{AC}
- (iv) a chord \overline{ED}
- (v) interior points Q and P
- (vi) Point Q
- (vii) OAB (shaded portion)
- (viii) segment EFD (shaded portion)

Solution - 02:

- (i) true
- (ii) False
- (iii) True
- (iv) True